

DECISION MAKING ANALYSIS USING SURVEY RESEARCH METHODS IN ISLAMIC EDUCATION MANAGEMENT AT SD AL-AZHAR BANDUNG

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Abstract

Islamic education is faced with various challenges and complexities in the modern context. In order to face this challenge, Islamic education management plays an important role in organizing effective educational institutions. Good management in Islamic education involves managing resources, making strategic decisions, and meeting the needs of learners and other stakeholders. The research method used by researchers is to use research with a qualitative approach. Program development. Surveys can provide valuable input in the development of better Islamic education programs. By gathering the opinions and preferences of learners, researchers can identify specific needs or interests that should be accommodated in educational programs. Identify needs and problems. Surveys can be used to identify needs and problems in the context of Islamic education. Data driven decision making. The survey provides objective and reliable data, which helps in better decision making in the management of Islamic education at SD A-Azhar Bandung. Carefully analyzed survey data can help identify trends, problems, or potential improvements that need to be prioritized. Survey research methods have high relevance in the context of Islamic education management. In an effort to improve the effectiveness of Islamic education, it is important for practitioners and researchers to make careful and sustainable use of this research method. Thus, Islamic education management can adapt and develop according to the needs of today's Muslim society.

Keywords: *Decision Making, Islam Education Management, Al-Azhar Bandung*

INTRODUCTION

Islamic education, like education in general, is designed and used for two main purposes, namely the teacher's knowledge of the subject and the teacher's curriculum as a guideline for completing teaching tasks. Common terms used in Islamic education: Turbiyah (the science of Ar-Rabbah), Talim (high commitment to developing theoretical knowledge, creativity, education and life behavior that supports scientific values), Tadeeb

(collection of knowledge and grace) Turbiyah The word comes from the root word "Rabba" which translates to "Tarbiya" which means to teach, teach and teach (Yahya, 2019). In nature, humans have the opportunity to grow and develop with their environment. ., but as the caliph of Allah, man is obliged to link his development with his growth and character. Acting in the implementation of the science of God Science, educational activities and training The behavior of the teacher determines that the teacher meets the educational objectives of the implementation of the science, which seems to be responsible for the success of education. (Muhamad Triyogo HFA, Agus Gunawan, 2022)

Islamic education is faced with various challenges and complexities in the modern context. In order to face this challenge, Islamic education management plays an important role in organizing effective educational institutions. Good management in Islamic education involves managing resources, making strategic decisions, and meeting the needs of learners and other stakeholders.

The survey research method has proven to be an effective instrument in analyzing and understanding various aspects of Islamic education management. Surveys can take many forms, including questionnaires, interviews, or direct observations. Through surveys, researchers can collect objective data about the opinions, perceptions, and attitudes of students, teachers, parents, and other related parties. In this study the author will analyze survey research methods and their implications in Islamic education management.

METHODS

This research uses a descriptive qualitative approach, which is a type of research that describes phenomena or facts on the object under study to take the essence of each phenomenon (Sugiyono, 2019). The object of this study focuses on students of SDAI-Azhar Bandung, teachers of Islamic religious education subjects. Data sources in this study are primary and secondary data.

Primary data were taken through interviews and observations which included school principals, teachers of Qur'anic Hadith subjects and students. The secondary data sources are taken from Islamic religious education subject textbooks, scientific articles, and documentation that supports the data needed in discussing this research.

The data collection techniques are in the form of observation, interviews and documentation studies. While data analysis techniques using data obtained from observations, interviews and documentation studies then the data is processed by simplifying existing data so that it is easy to understand. This process is a process of processing data obtained through observation, interviews and documentation and then presented in the form of paragraphs (Ananda, Sultan, & Karnay, 2022), the next process is the provision of explanatory meaning based on the data that has been obtained and presented descriptively, then conclusions are drawn.

Based on the description above, conclusions can be drawn from the research method used by researchers, namely by using research with a qualitative approach. Because this qualitative approach is research that generates ideas and describes data related to situations that are happening, views and attitudes that occur in a society, conflicts between two or more circumstances. In qualitative research, primary data are the words and actions of people observed or interviewed. To obtain primary data, research was carried out in this study, namely by conducting direct research into the field. Among them: Dr. Azhari S.pd and Fiah Laifa S.pd. This research was conducted on May 12, 2023 – July 7, 2023

RESULTS

Definition of Survey Research Method

The survey method obtains or collects information about a large number of people using a small sample. Survey research emerged in the 20th century. Methods and procedures are refined by various types of research. In KBBI, the word learning means above or outside. The letter *ve* comes from a word with a more visual meaning. Search means looking up or out (Nurhayati, 2022). Research is used to solve problems that are important to the world and to many people, so a large sample is needed (Abdul malik, 2022). Following the above concept, this study collected survey data from respondents using questionnaires. In general, the definition of research is limited to the concept of sample research, which is collecting data from a portion of the population (sample) and from representatives of the entire population (Efendi & Sesmiarni, 2022).

- Advantages and disadvantages of survey research methods

Here are the Advantages and Disadvantages of the survey method (Muhammad Nasih, 2016).

Study excellence:

- Research often involves many people to arrive at general conclusions or quantifiable summaries. It is important that the sample is representative of the entire group.
- Various data collection methods such as forecasting, interviewing and observation are used in the study depending on the choice of the researcher.
- In research, researchers can support or reject certain ideas
- Surveys are relatively inexpensive compared to many other information providers, especially if you use inexpensive postal questionnaires. Queries are obviously expensive when used directly with models.

In addition to the above advantages, the survey method also has disadvantages, namely:

- Research usually examines people's thoughts and feelings in detail, especially when questionnaires are used
- Respondents' feelings and opinions on political issues, such as opinions that are easily influenced by party candidates' speeches or what is said on television or written in newspapers.
- Not all samples are guaranteed to answer the question. There may be differences between responders and non-responders.

Survey Research Design

- Determining research objectives

According to Masari Singarimban, the objectives of the study are:

1. Gathering general information
2. Interpretation or description (to study a particular problem) Aims and objectives of research methodology (Dan & on, 2022) are as follows: (Researcher, Information, Analysis, Perspective, Operational research, Development of social indicators). Currently according to (Ambo Fera Afrizal, 2022), research methodology is divided into 2 objectives such as: General presentation (descriptive survey) and Research (descriptive survey).

- Develop a conceptual framework

In accordance with the explanation above, the relationship in this study is as follows:

- 1) The influence of system characteristics on system performance. Research findings (Fahrurazi & Imron Rosadi, 2020).
- 2) The process of developing a policy model based on research results.(Nurdin Rivaldy, Ilzamudin Ma'mur, 1994)
- 3) Policy based on research discovery methodology (Abdul malik, 2022).

- Identify populations and samples

The population of the production unit consists of working elements whose size and characteristics are determined by the researcher and he makes decisions. A total of 100 teachers participated in the study. The model is the part of a person representing the characteristics of the population being studied. A good sample can represent many characteristics of a population (Efendi & Sesmiarni, 2022). In terms of measurement, this means that the model must be valid, that is, it must be able to measure what it wants to measure. If you try to measure all of Sundanese using the Tennessee sample, the sample is wrong because it does not measure what is really happening. The ideal model is defined in two ways. true or true and false.

Sample size, or the number of samples obtained, remains an important issue in conducting research using quantitative analysis. If the population is 1000 then sampling around 10% is enough, but if the population is close to 100 then sampling should be at least 30% and if the population number is 30 then 100% should be. Population for descriptive studies, a minimum of 30 for correlational studies, a minimum of 30 for case comparison, 30 for each group and 15 experiments were selected for each group for research. The researchers used a cross-sectional study with 100 students, so that this study formed a sample of 100% of the population, namely 100 students and 408 students.

- Selecting the appropriate survey instrument

Instrument validity is a measure of how well a particular survey instrument can accurately generate the required amount of relevant data. Therefore, if the product can be measured to the desired size, then it is called authentic.

- Validation of survey instruments

The validity and reliability of the instruments used in the survey is important and necessary in the research process. While instrumental validity aims to measure the accuracy of an instrument in terms of its ability to convey information not quantitatively, instrumental reliability aims to measure the reliability of the instrument used.

- Define a data collection strategy

The data analysis method is a way of processing data to obtain certain results. In this study, researchers used the clustered data sampling method descriptive method. Many quantitative approaches use meta-conceptual models to construct thinking (e.g., cause-and-effect thinking). Emphasis on variables, scoring, specific questions, measurement and monitoring. and theory tests) require statistical data through research methods such as experiments and surveys (Dan & on, 2022).

Data management is the process of sorting data into key categories, categories, and information sources. After the data is collected and processed using emerging techniques. The results of the analyzed data aim to allow the author to use selective strategies to summarize information in a presentation that is easy to read and understand. Then the question will be clearly defined. Provide as much information as possible through descriptive and quantitative analysis. After the data is collected, it will be selected based on the problems studied and content analysis. compare the object with other data. Then explain and conclude. The data obtained in this study then the involvement in this study is with data from interviews with written information. Mills and Haberman put forward in four parts: Data collection, data reduction, data analysis and conclusions.

- 1) Data Selection: At this stage, researchers gather information about the administration of Islamic education by observing, interviewing and studying relevant documents and data files in this context.
- 2) Data reduction after data collection Data reduction According to Sugiono, data reduction is the selection of superior elements. Highlighting Important Things Pay attention to the structure and headings. and waste management. So the reduction of that data gives a clear picture. This makes it easier for researchers to gather more information.

There is a lot of information in this area, so it should be recorded carefully and carefully. The more advanced the researcher in the field, the more complicated the explanation. This is a quick search using indispensable data reduction. Data reduction is abstraction. Identify key elements to highlight key elements Identify themes and styles and eliminate unnecessary elements. Therefore, a clearer summary or summary of data results to make it easier for researchers to group data and identify it more easily when needed.

The presentation of information needs to be reviewed to researchers. Through the presentation of information, information is organized into relationships for easy understanding. Presenting this information in case studies It makes it easier to understand what happened and to plan appropriate actions.

The third part is quantitative data analysis is a summary. With the data collected, researchers began to look for the meaning of each word collected and summarized. Predicting is a visual activity. object or feature to be studied

The process of making inferences about the relationship between the information stored in the integrated system and the presentation of the information. In accordance with the purpose of the study. The data analysis method used in this study is descriptive analysis, namely a descriptive and analytical survey of all schools. Preliminary results are provisional and subject to change without strong evidence to support observations. Summarizing is the process of determining the meaning of research findings presented in short, clear, and easy-to-understand sentences. The author summarizes the results of data collection, data reduction, and data analysis.

Data Collection

Each study uses a different type of data and this is the method that researchers use to collect data. Data collection methods or methods used for research may not be sufficient. Sometimes two or three methods are considered appropriate, so care must be taken in choosing methods to ensure that the results are relevant or relevant to the researcher's goals. In this context, the reliability of test reports is ensured by effective data management and teacher training.

Data Analysis

Islamic educational institutions, both public and private, have many job opportunities in the provision of education. All educational institutions because every education requires careful management of management, human resources, teaching

programs, facilities and financial management. Students can pursue educational careers as educational administrators, administrators and education management.

Response characteristics are used to distinguish between respondent items. We hope this will clearly show the respondent's view of the question and purpose. Based on the results of the presentation of respondent data as follows:

According to the male characteristics of the participants in the table, 35% of the 65-year-old participants were men, 35% and 65% were women. Statistical analysis is used because there are more women than men. The study is a simple step-by-step process. A simple regression analysis was used to assess the positive effect of IQM on student achievement. Contingency type predicts the dependent variable (Y) when the independent variable (X) is known. According to (Yahyo, 2019), change is easy to calculate because free change (Y) depends on positive or negative (cause) of change together. Linear tests were important in this study.

The probability of using SPSS as a statistical tool is 0.05 (5%). The result is as follows:

A. Accuracy and Reliability Testing

Accuracy testing is the process of measuring what an instrument is supposed to measure or measure. In this study, a reliability test was carried out comparing the R number with the R table. If the R table is larger than the R series, the difference is large, so the equipment is considered good. The significance rate is 0.05 or 5%. Test results using SPSS version 22 are shown in the table below.

Table 1. Variable X Validity Test Results of Integrated Quality Management

| Item pertanyaan | r hitung | r tabel | keterangan |
|-----------------|----------|---------|------------|
| x.1 | 0,536 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.2 | 0,662 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.3 | 0,643 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.4 | 0,708 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.5 | 0,683 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.6 | 0,595 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.7 | 0,748 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.8 | 0,713 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.9 | 0,632 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.10 | 0,662 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.11 | 0,600 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.12 | 0,560 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.13 | 0,716 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.14 | 0,738 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.15 | 0,654 | 0,195 | Valid |
| x.16 | 0,623 | 0,195 | Valid |

Source: Researcher Data Processing Results 2023

From the table above it can be seen that all test variables are r . Since $Dk_{100-2} = 98$, the rational value of 0.05 is 0.195. Therefore, all questionnaires are considered valid for collecting the necessary information.

B. Reliability

This reliability test aims to verify the validity of questionnaires on all dimensions by administering questionnaires. According to Viratna Sujarveni (2014), a questionnaire is considered valid if Cronbach's alpha value > 0.6 .

Table 2. Reliability Statistics

| Cronbach's Alpha | N of Items |
|------------------|------------|
| .967 | 26 |

Source: Researcher Data Processing Results 2023

C. Normality Test

In this study normality was tested using the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test. If the score > 0.05 then the data is normally distributed. If < 0.05 then the data is normally distributed. The table below shows typical results. Here is the table:

Table 3. One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

| | | Unstandardized Residual |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| N | | 100 |
| Normal Parameters ^{a,b} | Mean | .0000000 |
| | Std. Deviation | 4.32399440 |
| | Most Extreme Differences | |
| | Absolute | .076 |
| | Positive | .076 |
| | Negative | -.074 |
| Test Statistic | | .076 |
| Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed) | | .200 ^{c,d} |

- a. Test distribution is Normal.
- b. Calculated from data.
- c. Lilliefors Significance Correction.

Source: Researcher Data Processing Results 2023

In the table, the asymptotic sigma is $0.200 > 0.05$. Unskewed results show that the data is normally distributed.

D. Test the hypothesis

This study used a simple regression model to test the hypothesis. The purpose of simple linear regression is to test the effect of the independent variable on the dependent variable.

Table 4. Simple Linear Regression Test

| | | Coefficients ^a | | | t | Sig. |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------------|--------|------|
| | | Unstandardized Coefficients | | Standardized Coefficients | | |
| Model | | B | Std. Error | Beta | | |
| 1 | (Constant) | -2.293 | 2.231 | | -1.028 | .307 |
| | manajemen mutu terpadu | .649 | .031 | .903 | 20.824 | .000 |

a. Dependent Variable: kualitas sumber daya mahasiswa

From the results of presenting the data above, the critical value of total adjusted variance is $0.00 < 0.05$. "Yes" is acceptable and "no" is negative, indicating the importance of the result. Variable Y is student learning outcomes. In addition to the significance level method, you can also compare t-statistics with t-tables in the table above. We see that the calculated value of t is 20824. If the t-matrix is given as $dk\ n = 100 - 2 = 98$, then the t-matrix is called 1.661. That is, $t >$ read the matrix t, accept X, reject X, and control variables. Quality has a great influence on the variable Y.

E. Coefficient of Determination

According to (Ambo Fera Afrizal, 2022), the coefficient of determination test measures the ability of a model to explain the variance of a depending on the change. The probability curve is from 0 to 1. A small R2 value indicates that the independent variable cannot fully explain the variable.

Table 5. Coefficient of Determination Test Results

| Model Summary ^b | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Model | R | R Square | Adjusted R Square | Std. Error of the Estimate |
| 1 | .903 ^a | .816 | .814 | 2.666 |

a. Predictors: (Constant), manajemen mutu terpadu

b. Dependent Variable: kualitas sumber daya mahasiswa

Source: Researcher Data Processing Results 2023

The most common example of a simple linear test above illustrates the result of a determination coefficient test of 0.903. The coefficient of determination (R range) based on the data is 0.816 which indicates the influence of the independent variable (religion) along with the dependent variable

DISCUSSION.

Research Implications

a) The Influence of Management System on Islamic Education in Indonesia

The effect of the intervention versus the effect of the intervention. This discussion can lead to related studies (Nurdin Rivaldy, Ilzamudin Ma'mur, 1994). The various parts are interconnected, and each part performs its function. In control theory, controls can be divided into two categories: implicit controls and explicit controls. A closed system is data that does not have any system relationship. This system does not take into account or ignores other factors. Classical theory focuses on organizational structure. No matter how the organizational environment affects and affects the organization. Open systems recognize interactions between organisms and the State of the Environmental Protection Agency's open monitoring system and its effectiveness. To find useful and complete information, experts in the field use the Tavistock model developed by neoconstructivists, the Homans model, the "repeating set" model (Efendi & Sesmiarni, 2022).

All models of professional explanation examine the relationship between an organization and its environment. In this model, departments, subsystems, and even organizations function as larger systems that interact with each other and the environment, making the organization more connected to the system and environment. . These models define the following:

- An organization is an open system with input/output processes, that is, it receives input data from processes within the organization and stores output data from the environment.
- Network activity in an organization is the interaction and feelings of people that arise from the activity of internal processes External processes without proper communication within the organization. Meeting rooms facilitate meetings.

- In an organization, groups are connected to each other and connected through interpersonal connections.
- There is communication and communicative activities, where everyone plays differently depending on what is expected.
- Each part of the organization operates in a specific part of the environment that is different from other parts of the organization. It shows the difference between departments of the organization.

However, these unique and functional components come together as a single system. Based on the description above, the type of system affects the design of the system. The models developed above generally represent a complex system of Islamic educational institutions that receive information from the environment and transform it into nature through an open system model.

b) The Influence of Management on the Construction of the Islamic Education System

Previous research results such as (Muhamad Triyogo HFA, Agus Gunawan, 2022), because the design of the system influences the design of the Islamic curriculum. Aprisa and Monalisa System The basic concepts of a system can be described as follows (Ambo Fera Afrizal, 2022): The parts of a system are interconnected, not fragmentary. structure; combination of inputs and outputs to achieve a goal; there; Subsystem: The division between systems according to the system model.

The system model varies depending on the business, vision and mission of the organization. Every system has only one goal or many goals and goals differ from system to system. This goal is the drive that drives the system. Without clear goals, the system is ineffective and unmanageable. An operation or process in a system that converts the input (subtype) of an element into (output). This element can be a subsystem of a system. Communication (interface) through which parts or systems meet and interact with the environment. Semantic terms are objects or things inside and outside the system. Assumptions, constraints, and requirements imposed by the system as input or external to the environment. Of all of the above, the Islamic education system is at the top of the system. The organization of the Islamic movement is controlled by the forces on which it is based. If the company is owned by the state, the government decides on the organizational model and gives the state the freedom to choose. The foundation has

created a comprehensive Islamic education system, acting as an exemplary custodian of education (Khoirudin et al., 2022).

c) The Influence of Management Thinking on the Islamic Education System Model

It is influenced by conceptual systems in the model of the Islamic learning process, statements made in relevant studies such as (Muhammad Nasih, 2016). Modern science has divided the phenomenon into simpler parts that can be studied in more detail. System-based thinking leads to a sense of order in response to problems, i.e. a sense of order. A pattern of behavior that does not violate the rules of the game set by a certain system. While defined grid rules are inherently limited, they also allow for (automatic) modification of each element and interaction with other elements. Without clear operational boundaries, everything will collide and potentially damage the entire system (Rohman et al., 2023).

Here it is important to think and act holistically to maintain the continuity of your system. Legislative change is possible and can be fought for through legislation and education to make the system stronger and more mature (Nurhayati, 2022). Kamala explained that everyone thinks according to his intelligence, desire and ability to develop the mercy of Allah SWT. able to develop and worship. Different concepts will result in different model systems, because the model system is a simple imitation of the structured concept of the functioning of Islamic educational institutions and has more effect than the model system used (Kamala, 2019). The influence of thought processes on the Islamic educational model is presented.

Application of Research Methods in Islamic Education

In the pre-positivist era, researchers treated research questions as evidence. This period covers the development of philosophy from the beginning of the Greek period to the 19th century, and researchers describe in detail what they saw. Researchers are passive and collect and report data without evaluating their analysis. Researchers did not analyze the results. It is the researcher's responsibility to interpret the data without just interpreting it. At that time, research was mixed with philosophical ideas, making it difficult to distinguish which data came from the real world and which data came from the human mind or imagination. Research results are often presented in the form of conversations. The research methods used are mainly research analysis, literature research. The purpose of research is to get a different opinion / clarify the truth. In addition, to read the event log as a document elsewhere. Since the formal study was conducted, the growth of research in the

pre-positive period has been very slow. Research is also conducted on social activities and natural phenomena, such as the study of the culture of certain societies (Nabilah & Rachman, 2019).

Methodology scientifically to obtain data or information that can be ascertained or accurate. The teachings of Islam have been defined by various scholars as follows:

1. The First International Conference on Islamic Education defines Islamic education as the overall meaning or meaning of the words education, training and education. Islamic education based on these three principles means creating an environment that allows students to grow physically and intellectually, so that through their actions students believe in the existence and oneness of God Almighty. Understand your beliefs. The obligation to be a servant of Allah and caliph. God
2. Naqtib Attos views Islamic education as a discipline, a way of knowing and experiencing nature, organized in various levels and levels of knowledge and form, and views nature as the best place and habitat for humans. The ability and strength of body and mind.
3. Abuliddin Natak explained that Islamic education is carried out with the help of the holy book of the Quran, hadith and scientific research, traces of the journey of previous stories as well as practical ideas and practical knowledge. The three definitions state the lack of similarities between Islamic education and other education. The inequality referred to in Islamic education is the foundation of the teaching, although world scholars sometimes use the teaching when it is not in accordance with the instructions studied by Islamic education. This explains that the research method aims to obtain accurate data information and must not have intentions and applications that deviate from Islamic teachings.

CONCLUSION

The validity and reliability of the instruments used in the survey is important and necessary in the research process. While instrumental validity aims to measure the accuracy of an instrument in terms of its ability to convey information not quantitatively, instrumental reliability aims to measure the reliability of the instrument used. Performance evaluation and satisfaction. Surveys can be used to evaluate the performance of Islamic

educational institutions and understand the level of satisfaction of students, teachers, parents. Through surveys, certain aspects such as teaching quality, administrative support, or physical facilities can be evaluated, and corrective actions can be taken based on the survey results, especially at SD Al-Azhar Bandung.

Data-driven decision making. The survey provides objective and reliable data, which helps in better decision making in the management of Islamic education at SD A-Azhar Bandung. Carefully analyzed survey data can help identify trends, problems, or potential improvements that need to be prioritized. Survey research methods have high relevance in the context of Islamic education management. In an effort to improve the effectiveness of Islamic education, it is important for practitioners and researchers to make careful and sustainable use of this research method. Thus, Islamic education management can adapt and develop according to the needs of today's Muslim society.

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